

## NATIONAL WHIG NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT,  
**GENERAL WINFIELD SCOTT,**  
OF NEW JERSEY.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,  
**WILLIAM A. GRAHAM,**  
OF NORTH CAROLINA.

RESOLVED, That the Whig people of Washington, conscious that the ground they tread is worthy of the consecrated name it bears only so long as it is peopled by men who hold to the Union of the States as the source and fountain of the blessings of public order and private right-of liberty and law-of happiness at home, and honor throughout the world; and believing that in the principles and policy of the Whig party, and in the tried patriotism of its glorious leaders, is the best safeguard of the Union to those principles, and will rally with ardent and united hearts around the flag of the Union, to whomsoever of these leaders it may be confided to the management of the Whig cause, a Whig meeting prior to the nomination.

"I HAVE SERVED THE UNION FOR FORTY-ONE YEARS, AND FEEL MYSELF A CITIZEN OF EVERY PART OF IT; AND WHATEVER OF LIFE AND STRENGTH I MAY HAVE SHALL BE DEVOTED TO ITS PRESERVATION."—Gen. Winfield Scott's Castle Garden Speech.

## Executive Committee of the Washington Whig Club.

A meeting will be held at the Hall, on Louisiana avenue, over Copp's Saloon, at 8 o'clock this (Monday) evening, August 16th. A full meeting is earnestly requested.

S. A. H. McKim, Secretary.  
Aug 6-1d [Int. and Rep.]

The partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the late firm will be settled by Thomas C. Connolly, who alone is empowered to act in its name.

THOMAS C. CONNOLLY,  
J. L. SMITH.

WASHINGTON, August 16, 1882.

Joseph B. Tate having purchased the interest recently held by John L. Smith in the establishment of the Daily American Telegraph, the business will hereafter be conducted by the undersigned, under the firm of CONNOLLY & TATE; the editorial department still continuing under the control of the senior proprietor.

THOMAS C. CONNOLLY,  
JOSEPH B. TATE.

WASHINGTON, August 16, 1882.

The patrons of this paper are respectfully informed, that the present junior partner will give to its affairs his undivided personal attention, and it is hoped its efficiency will be thereby enhanced, especially in its character as a local newspaper. In our efforts to achieve this purpose; however, we look for the increased encouragement and favor of the public.

That an increased circulation and advertising business will result from the more perfect adaptation of our paper to the requirements of the community, we have no doubt; but we wish it to be understood that this increase of revenue is necessary as an important means of improvement, and that, where such mutual dependence exists, our fellow-citizens must not wait for our going too far in advance of the necessary support from them. We shall, at least, keep even pace with the means they place at our disposal.

## Whig Mass Meeting in Frederick, Md.

This large and enthusiastic gathering of the Whigs of the above city and county came off, agreeably to notice, on Saturday last. The assembly convened at 11 o'clock a. m. in the Court house square. The venerable F. A. Schley was called to the chair. He rose and announced the object of the meeting, and addressed it in a speech of great power and feeling. Senator Dawson, of Georgia, was the next speaker. His speech was characterized by great ability and eloquence. He was succeeded by that little man of great mind, the Hon. Edward Stanly, of North Carolina, and the Boanewares of Tennessee, the Hon. Wm. Cullom. The speeches of these two gentlemen were worthy of their fame as enlightened, zealous Whigs, and thrilling orators. At the close of Gen. Cullom's speech, the distinguished, whole-souled chairman announced to the vast assembly that a collation—some creature comforts—had been served up at the market-house, to which he invited all present. The meeting then adjourned to the market-house, where the best of beef, bacon-hams, mutton, veal, &c., were discussed with gusto. In this connection we must state, that Mr. Trail invited to his elegant and hospitable mansion a number of the visitors to the city, where they were entertained with the most sumptuous feast.

At 2 o'clock the meeting reassembled. The crowd seemed to have increased, rather than diminished. After a few earnest addresses by several gentlemen, the meeting adjourned till 8 o'clock. At the hour of 6, several members of Congress, candidates on the Electoral ticket, and other gentlemen, found themselves in the domicile of F. A. Schley, esq., and were soon seated at his hospitable table, groaning under the luxuries of the season, and the choicest wines from every clime. This gentleman and his two amiable sons are sterling Whigs, and enthusiastic admirers of the conqueror of Mexico. The kind attention and courtesies extended by this gentleman and his family, by Colonel John Lee, Mr. Trail, Dr. Waters, J. B. Schley, esq., and other prominent citizens of the venerated city of Frederick, to the speakers and other visitors, were of the most cordial character; and "laws of gratitude" were engraved on the hearts of all who were the recipients of the refined and elegant hospitalities of the citizens of Frederick.

At 8 o'clock the masses again assembled. They were addressed with great ability and fervid eloquence by H. Winter Davis, Richard I. Merrick, Hon. R. W. Bowie, and Col. A. G. Soliers. We regret our inability to furnish a more detailed report of this large and enthusiastic meeting of the patriotic masses of old Frederick. Let it suffice that none have ever witnessed more enthusiasm. It reminded us of the spirit of the oft-repeated year of 1840. The "old Maryland line" will be found arrayed on the side of Scott and Graham in November next.

## Brownlow, of Tennessee.

We have opened several Democratic papers this morning in which the "powerful influence" of this revered political editor is spoken of in such manner as to suggest the inference that the Whig party in that State is to be annihilated by him. He is a gentleman of fine talents and great energy; but we would mention a fact or two that may not be generally known. The first is, that his is the only Whig paper in Tennessee that opposes Gen. Scott; the second, that he opposed Gen. Taylor in like manner; and the third, that we can elect Gen. Scott, as we did Gen. Taylor, without the aid of brother Brownlow. Amen!

## The Compensation of Clerks.

A writer in the Intelligencer of this morning says: "I trust that the Senate will restore Mr. Gentry's amendment to its 'fair proportion' before reporting it back to the House."

If neither Senate nor House concur in opinion with the writer, we shall thank them for consummating the change already made by the House, which will certainly entitle Congress to the gratitude of all. Still we think, with the writer, that Mr. Gentry's proposition was just, and that its adoption by both Houses will be hailed with approbation by every citizen of the United States who looks into the merits of the case.

We notice that some of our most respected Representatives oppose the measure, or saddle it with impracticable provisions, because it does not comprehend every desired object of reform they wish to see accomplished. This is unwise and unkind. Dilatory time will accomplish all, and all the better for having the work done by piecemeal. When it is possible to increase the compensation of the day-laborer, the mechanic, or the seaman, we shall be found ready to plead in their behalf; but we can surely not help their cause by burdening that of others with it at an inopportune moment. We respect both the authors of movements in their behalf, and the motives prompting them; but, as the thing will require more time and consideration than can at this late day of the session be given to it, we hope the suggestions thrown out may not be persisted in to the prejudice of a good cause, that will probably encounter no other obstruction in its progress toward completion.

## Iowa and North Carolina.

It appears that former accounts from both of these States are erroneous. We have but one of the two Representatives from Iowa—Mr. Henn being re-elected. The legislature is also probably Democratic.

In North Carolina, Gov. Reid is of course re-elected, but the legislature is believed to be ours. We earnestly hope this may prove true; for we would willingly forego a dozen governors to retain in the United States Senate the eloquent, able, accomplished, and patriotic MANKIN.

The Raleigh Register says that the most reckless partisan in that State, who is at all informed, "will not dare to pronounce the result of this election any indication or test of the relative strength of the two political parties;" and the last Wilmington Journal (a Democratic paper) explicitly admits that it cannot be so considered. It remarks that "free suffrage is stronger than any man or set of men;" and so we think it should be.

The Register adds: "In the mean time, we would say to our Whig friends abroad, Lose not your confidence in the continued ascendancy of Whig principles in North Carolina! The State is Whig as ever. Local causes have had everything to do with Reid's election—national politics nothing. In November, when these causes are removed, or can have no influence, the State will go for Scott and Graham by thousands!"

## Life and Services of Gen. Scott.

Seldom has so popular a paper issued from the American press as the Life and Services of Gen. Scott, recently published through the columns of the National Intelligencer. "These sketches," says the Baltimore American, "will recommend themselves no less for the graphic power of narration displayed than for the rare skill with which so much is so well told in so comparatively small a space. No one, we are sure, can read this history without feeling all the emotions of patriotism and love of country stirred within him by the recital of the gallant deeds performed and the important services rendered by the hero who is about to receive from his grateful countrymen the high and honored reward he so well merits. The perusal of this record, if it cannot overturn political predilections and bias, ought certainly to disarm party calumny, and shield from detraction and slander one who has achieved for his country so much as to render it next to impossible to strike at him except through her."

We are glad to have an opportunity of informing our readers that Bayne's beautiful panorama will remain with us one week longer, but will certainly be removed after Saturday next. The late inclement weather having prevented many of our readers at a distance from visiting this exhibition, the proprietor has consented to remain through the present week. We hope every one will see this great picture before its departure.

## Death by Drowning.

On Wednesday evening last, Mr. Balaam Birch, a master carpenter of this city, left his home for the purpose of visiting an acquaintance on G street, east of Tiber creek. As he failed to return to his family during that night, and no tidings were received of his whereabouts, his friends, apprehensive that he was drowned, or had met with death in some other way, caused a search to be made in the creek, as well as in the canal, for his body, but for some time without avail. On Saturday the persons present at the house at the time of Mr. Birch's visit were brought before Justice Goddard for examination, which was not concluded until the next day. It was ascertained during the investigation that Birch left that neighborhood at about nine o'clock at night on his return home; but, there being no evidence before the magistrate, as we are informed, to justify their detention, they were discharged. Yesterday afternoon officers Handy, Boss, Barnacio, Calcaizer, and others, resumed the search, and, having explored the culvert extending to the Tiber along the line of Indiana avenue, they found the body of Mr. Birch in that part of the water-course over which Mr. Baldwin's carpenter-shop is erected. It was lodged against a beam, while another, across the breast, held it fast. It was very much disfigured, and in a putrescent condition. The gold watch of the deceased was found in his pocket and a ring upon his finger, which precludes the idea that he lost his life by the hand of an assassin.

A coroner's jury examined fully into the facts of the case, so far as they could be ascertained, and, from the evidence before them, arrived at the conclusion that the deceased came to his death by accidentally falling into the sewer on the southeast corner of G and 5th streets; and that the water in it being high at the time—it was then raining and the night dark—he was drowned before he could recover himself. The body was washed to the place where it was discovered. Such, we learn, are the facts elicited; and in accordance therewith the jury rendered their verdict—*Republic*.

## Vocal and Instrumental Music.

We refer our readers to the card of Mr. Kley, in another column.

## Congress Today.

SENATE.—The CHAIR and Mr. BORDMAN presented memorials from mechanics and laborers on government works in Washington, praying an increase of the pay allowed.

The vote by which the bill for the relief of Mary E. Blaney was rejected was reconsidered, and the bill was passed.

Mr. DOWNS made a personal explanation with respect to the census act.

The bill for the construction of a ship canal around the Falls of the St. Mary was taken up and debated.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.—The House resumed the consideration of the bill declaring the bridges over the Ohio to be lawful structures and post routes, and continued the debate up to the expiration of the morning hour.

Mr. FULLER, of Maine, reported the Senate bill, with amendments, for the better security of the lives of passengers on board of steamers; and its further consideration was postponed until Thursday next.

The House took up the bill granting lands to the several States for the benefit of the indigent insane.

## FROM CALIFORNIA.

The steamer Illinois, with nearly \$2,000,000 in specie, three hundred and forty passengers, and California dates to July 15, arrived at New York on Saturday evening. She left Panama on July 27. The mails and specie were brought to Panama by the steamer Northkicker.

The news from California is of little interest. Collisions with the Indians continue. A body of whites under Major Harvey attacked a party of Pasquas, and killed twenty-five of them. Another party of whites, under Lieutenant Moore, attacked a band of Indians on Merced river, killing six and capturing twelve.

The barley crops in the Sacramento valley had all been harvested. The yield was heavy, and the grain of superior quality.

A meeting was held at Mariposa on the 4th of July, to consider the propriety of expelling the entire foreign population of the county.

The government schooner Active sailed from San Francisco on the 18th for the coast survey at the mouth of the Columbia river. A detachment of dragoons under Lieutenant Stoneham went over to Port Oxford.

The stock of the San Francisco and Mariposa telegraph company had nearly all been taken.

A new German Democratic paper had been started at San Francisco.

News from the mines was encouraging.

The court-martial for the trial of Colonel Craig had met at San Francisco.

## Two Days Later.

The steamer Northern Light, from New York, arrived this morning. She brings \$150,000 in gold, and 300 passengers, and two days later California advices. San Juan was healthy, and business dull.

Through the intervention of Dillon, the French Consul at San Francisco, the difficulties between the Americans and foreigners in Mariposa had been settled.

A rumor prevailed at Sacramento on the 16th that Georgetown had been destroyed by fire, but it lacked confirmation.

A duel was fought with revolvers at Contra Costa, between Nugent, a San Francisco editor, and John Cotter, Alderman, from the Fourth Ward. On the second fire Nugent received Cotter's ball in his thigh, which would probably have to be amputated.

## Senator Seward's Speech.

Of the able, instructive, and beautiful speech of Mr. Seward, now in course of publication in our paper, the Baltimore Clipper justly remarks that "the many facts brought into review by the Senator cannot but prove of general interest, while the brightening commercial prospects, as depicted by this gentleman, show that, far as we have advanced in ocean trade, comparatively we are yet in our infancy. The eastern portion of the world will, even in our generation, be united with the western by a bridge of ships and railroads, over which will pass in exchange the rich products of the earth and workshops, with all the intermediate commodities of brier; and what is more important still, the principles of republicanism will diffuse their genial influence to the nations who have never yet heard the thunderings of a self-governed people, nor witnessed the lightnings of intellectual efforts in the great battle for measures calculated to advance the social, political, and religious freedom even now so amply enjoyed under our republic. The peopling of the world commenced in the east, and there civilization began; it would, therefore, be no more than fair, on the part of the west, to express gratitude by the diffusion of the light of free government."

## A "Thrilling Dialogue" Demolished.

Senator Hale, says the Baltimore American, in the following letter to the Washington Union, cruelly demolishes one of the best electioneering anecdotes which the Democracy have produced during the present campaign, and over which they have chuckled and crowed most lustily:

DOVER, N. H., Aug. 11, 1882.

To the Editor of the Union:

Sir: In the Washington Union of the 6th instant, under the head "Meeting in Accomac, Va.—Thrilling Dialogue," a conversation is said to have occurred between Mr. Wise and a Mr. Map, at a public meeting, in which the following thrilling dialogue took place:

Mr. Wise.—"Were you not in New Hampshire two years ago, and did you not hear Hale speak, and say in his speech that he would head an army to march upon the South and put down slavery?"

Mr. Map.—"I was there, heard Mr. Hale speak, and say what you state."

Mr. Wise.—"Did you not hear General Pierce reply to this, and say, 'If Hale should head an army to march on the South, he had first to march over his (Pierce's) dead body, for he would head an army to oppose him?'"

Mr. Map.—"I did."

The account then proceeds: "You can imagine the feeling which this reply elicited. The court-house rang with shouts of applause, repeated again and again. Mr. Wise then requested his opponent to state the facts again, which he did to an almost breathless auditory: Gen. Pierce did say (slapping his hand upon his breast) that Hale would have to pass over his dead body before he marched upon the South."

To this permit me briefly to reply, that, for whatever purpose such a dialogue may have been spoken in a Virginia court-house, there is not a syllable of truth in it. No such remark was ever made by me, and, of course, no such answer by General Pierce; nor was there a meeting held in New Hampshire, or elsewhere, in which such a dialogue could have occurred. General Pierce and myself have not spoken at the same public meeting since 1840—when we both spoke on the same side—but once, and that was at the North Church, in Concord, New Hampshire, in June, 1845; and I am sure that of the thousands who attended that meeting, not one can be found who will pretend that anything of the kind took place at the time. That, however, has nothing to do with the statement, as the remark related by Mr. Map were made at a meeting held two years since.

Respectfully, yours, JOHN P. HALE.

P. S. Any one who doubts the correctness of my statement can be satisfied by applying to Mr. Pierce himself.

## Meyer's Universum.

We are in receipt of the third number of this beautiful pictorial serial. We understand that the fourth number is also published, containing the Cathedral of Strasbourg, Tell's Chapel, (near Kussnacht, in Switzerland), the Palace of the Legion of Honor in Paris, and the Ruins of Etawah in Bengal, India, with descriptive text. Price 25 cents, or \$3 per volume. Subscribers, in advance, receive a splendid engraving as a premium. Published semi-monthly. Address Hermann J. Meyer, publisher, 164 William st., N. Y.

## Mr. Scudder's Speech.

The Hon. Mr. SCUDDER, of Massachusetts, delivered in the House of Representatives, on Thursday last, a very able and elaborate speech on the subject of the North American fisheries. It is highly commended as a well arranged and lucid statement of historical and statistical facts bearing upon this most important question, and will be read with pleasure and profit by all who desire to understand the position, history, and claims of this most interesting branch of American industry.

The magnificent portrait of Washington, about which so much has been said by the most distinguished scholars and statesmen of our country, and by the press throughout the Union, is to be presented to the Senate on Wednesday, by Senator Cooper, of Pennsylvania. Will not that honorable body do something in the way of encouragement to the brilliant artist and patriotic publisher of this only correct likeness of the Father of our Country? Every public office under the government should possess one.

CROGHAN AND SCOTT.—At a dinner given at Tammany Hall in 1818, General Brown, General Scott, General Miller, General Ripley, General Porter, and Colonel Croghan, the hero of Sandusky, were present. General Scott presided. After the General had retired, Colonel Croghan gave the following sentiment:

By Lieutenant Colonel Croghan: MAJOR GENERAL WINFIELD SCOTT. The soldier's boast—his country's pride; in battle's roaring storm—mild as the coming calm in peace.

## A Very Bad Reason.

It appears that at one of the mass meetings of the Abolitionists held on the 12th instant at Pittsburgh, "there were loud cries for Douglas, 'who did not appear; but Mr. Watson Haynes 'did, who came out strong in favor of Pierce, 'because, as he said, he was anti-Catholic.'"

Public Mass Meeting.—The Independent Order of Rechabites will hold a public mass meeting (Monday) evening, at 7½ o'clock, at Temperance Hall, E. 8th street.

The Georgetown Glee Club will be present and sing some of their choice songs. All friends of Temperance, and the public generally, are invited to attend.

## COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS.

Attention, Continental Guards!—The regular monthly meeting of the Continental Guards will be held at the Armory this (Monday) evening, at 8 o'clock. It is hoped every member will be present, as business of importance is to be brought forward for action. By order, J. M. GUY, Sec. pro tem.

Washington Light Infantry.—An adjourned meeting of the Corps will be held this (Monday) evening, at 7½ o'clock.

Methodist Episcopal Church South, 8th street, between H and I.—The Rev. Bishop Andrew will preach, on the 1st of September, in this Church, at 8 o'clock.

Public Schools.—The candidates for the several vacancies in the corps of Teachers of the Public Schools of the city are invited to present themselves for examination at the City Hall (Aldermen's room) on Tuesday, at 2½ o'clock. By direction of the Board of Trustees.

## Carus's Saloon—Last Week!

THE GLASS-WORKERS respectfully announce that their beautiful and interesting exhibition will positively close this (Monday) evening, at 8 o'clock. They will distribute the usual number of their splendid prizes and specimens among their audiences. All who have not witnessed this instructive and amusing opportunity should improve their last opportunity. Visitors can have specimens manufactured in their presence.

BY REQUEST, ONE WEEK LONGER.

## ODD-FELLOWS' HALL.

THE public is respectfully informed that Bayne's Giganthea of the Pantheon of

A Voyage to Europe will positively close on Saturday next, the 21st, which will be the last exhibition in Washington.

An Exhibition on Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, at 2½ o'clock.

Admission 25 cents; Children under 12 years of age, 15 cents.

Doors open at 7; Pantheon to commence moving at 8 o'clock.

## MUSIC JUST RECEIVED.

Old Folks at home. Captain Shiloh's. Wait for the Wagon. Captain and Piano. The Separation—Guitar and Piano. I cannot dance to-night—Guitar and Piano. The Prize Banner Quickstep. Oh, I should like to marry—Guitar and Piano. The Soldier's Welcome—Guitar and Piano. The Sister's Wedding. Walter & Florence, &c., &c.

At WILMER'S Clean Cloth Stationery Store, 6th st., near Louisiana avenue.

## MORE OF THE ENGLISH VERMIN-DESTRUCTOR.

Another half gross of the above mentioned TINCTURE of this BUG AND VERMIN-EXTERMINATOR at WILMER'S, 6th street, near Louisiana avenue, sole agency.

UMBRELLAS, PARASOLS, AND PINKING.

Umbrellas and Parasols from 25 cents up to \$5, comprising a general assortment of green, blue and watered silk Parasols, green and black silk, gingham, and cambric Umbrellas, &c., &c. A good assortment of silk, gingham, and ivory, bone, and other fashionable mounting, likewise stocks of every variety, suitable for every description of work. Pinking of scarfs, aprons, ruffles, laces, &c., which, with the repairs of umbrellas, will be done, and well done, and done cheap. Send for a sample of our work, and you will be satisfied. 4,000 1/2 inch Pennsylvania avenue, between 12th and 13th streets, sign of a number of blue and white Umbrellas.

WANTED.—A two-story Frame or Brick House, for which a liberal rent will be paid. Inquire at this office.

## BOARDING IN THE COUNTRY.

MEADOW BAY, 5th Street, AVE. 16, 1882.

THE subscriber has a room and board and a bath, and accommodates a small family with Board the remainder of the season. Residence three miles from the city, on the turnpike to Hagerstown. Apply soon, if by letter, to Washington Post Office.

## DRAWN NUMBERS OF THE DELAWARE STATE LOTTERY, Class 62, drawn at Wilmington, Delaware, August 14, 1882.

1 19 69 48 26 72 57 55 36 20 6 61

GREGORY & MAURY, Managers, Successors to J. W. MAURY & CO.

## On Saturday, August 31, 1882.

STATE OF DELAWARE LOTTERY, Class 68, will be drawn at Wilmington, Delaware.

## SPLENDID SCHEME.

\$32,080—\$10,000—10 prizes of \$1,000. 60 numbers, 13 drawn ballots.

1 prize of \$2,000 10 prizes of \$1,000 1 prize of \$1,000 10 prizes of \$500 1 prize of \$200 20 prizes of \$100 1 prize of \$50 20 prizes of \$25

Tickets \$10—Halves \$5—Quarters \$2.50.

## On Saturday, August 25, 1882.

STATE OF DELAWARE LOTTERY, Class 72, will be drawn at Wilmington, Delaware.

\$63,000—\$26,000—\$15,000—100 of \$1,000! 78 number lottery—14 drawn ballots.

1 splendid capital of \$25,000 5 prizes of \$4,000 1 splendid prize of \$2,000 6 prizes of \$1,000 1 splendid prize of \$1,000 10 prizes of \$500 1 splendid prize of \$200 20 prizes of \$100 1 splendid prize of \$50 20 prizes of \$25

Tickets \$20—Halves \$10—Quarters \$5—Eighths \$2.50. Address E. E. O'BRIEN, Agent, Alexandria, Virginia.

## INSTRUCTIONS ON THE PIANO AND IN SINGING.

THE undersigned, lately from Germany, begs to inform the citizens of Washington, Georgetown, and Alexandria, that he will give INSTRUCTIONS ON THE PIANO AND IN SINGING. He has been travelling since 1849 with Madame Blacchini, and performed in her last concert in this city. He performs the compositions of Liszt, Thalberg, and other great composers, and proposes to teach the Thalberg system.

Communications left at the Music Store of Richard Davis, or at Mrs. Holmsted's, Pennsylvania avenue, between 24th and 25th streets, will be promptly attended to. Terms: One-half in advance.

REFERENCES: MR. LAURENCE J. POLE, GEN. GIBSON PILOTT, COL. ANDREW J. POLE, REV. EDWARD E. CHERRY, COL. GEORGE POLE, REV. BISHOP OTT, MAURY CO., & MR. KLEY was Professor for a year and a half at Ashwood, Maury county, Tenn.

COLT'S PISTOLS.—A full assortment of sizes, with latest improvements, may be found at

14-1st STEVEN'S Sales Room, Brown's Hotel.

PILLS of all kinds, too tedious to mention. For sale by WILLIAM T. EVANS, corner of 7th and 14th streets.

JUST RECEIVED a fresh supply of Drugs, Medicines, Dye Stuffs, Poisons, and Oils.

WILLIAM T. EVANS, 14-1st Druggist and Apothecary, cor. 7th and 14th.

## FORREST HALL, GEORGETOWN, D. C.

YOUNG MEN'S DRAMATIC ASSOCIATION! First Night of the Season:

Mrs. CARPENTER, Miss REYNOLDS, and Mr. OWEN, of the National Theatre, have kindly volunteered their services on this occasion.

On Monday Evening, August 16, will be presented, for the first time, the play of

ROB ROY, With all the original Music.

Dance.....Mlle. Tzaroonka.

To conclude with the amusing Farce of the

ROUGH DIAMOND.

Price of admission 25 cents.

Doors open at 7½ o'clock.—Performance to commence at 8.

## GENTLEMEN'S HATS!

FASHION FOR FALL, 1882.

STEVENS, Hatter, Brown's Hotel, will this day introduce Beebe's New York Hat style for gentlemen's wear. Sales by mail. For sale by WILLIAM T. EVANS, corner of 7th and 14th streets.

THE GREATEST BLESSING OF THE AGE! MORSE'S Syrup of Yellow Dock—patented for its highly purifying, renovating, strengthening, and invigorating system. For sale by WILLIAM T. EVANS, corner of 7th and 14th streets.

FANCY ARTICLES.—German Cologne, Japan's Hair Dressing, Lubin's Extracts, (Genuine), French and English Soaps, various kinds and prices; Hair Tonic, Hat, and Nail Brushes; Hair Oils, Penknives; Jais, Tooth's Hair Lustre; Toilet Powder. For sale by WILLIAM T. EVANS, corner of 7th and 14th streets.

SARSAPARILLA.—Jacob Townsend's, S. P. Townsend's, and Bull's Sarsaparilla, and Hampton's Vegetable Tincture. For sale by WILLIAM T. EVANS.

RADWAY'S Ready Relief, Pain Killer, Cold Liver Oil, Rubbing and Clarke's, Bile's, and Hancock's Cold Liver Candy. For sale by WILLIAM T. EVANS.

BERMUDA ARROW ROOT.—A very superior article, just received. WILLIAM T. EVANS.

EXPECTED, in a few days, superior Cheving Tobacco, Fine Cut Tobacco, and Cigars.

WILLIAM T. EVANS.

## CANARY AND HEMP SEED.

WILLIAM T. EVANS.

## BUILDING MATERIAL.

MORTISE and Rim Locks, Screws, Hinges, &c., to suit every style of building, and at the lowest prices. To be had at the

W. H. LINDSEY, Penn. av., bet. 9th and 10th sts.

VALON NAILS.—A large lot just received and for sale at the lowest prices. To be had at the

W. H